

SEM3-WL-2 Smart Power Sensor Quick Guide



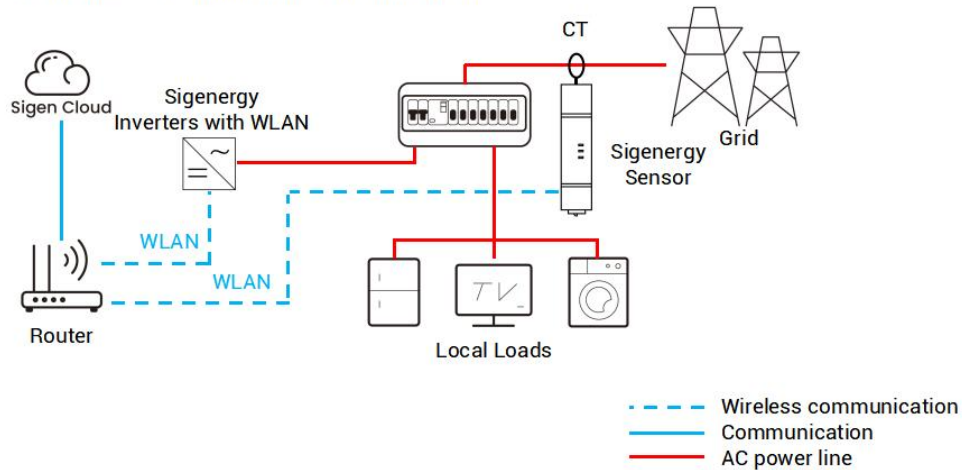
Please scan the QR code to obtain the electronic version of the quick guide and user manual

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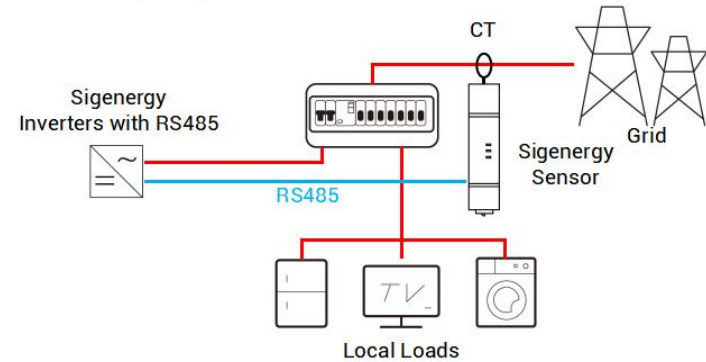
Requirement for Power Sensor

System Networking

Scenario 1 - for Sigenergy Inverters with WLAN



Scenario 2 - for Sigenergy Inverters with RS485



Notes:

1. For the installation location and wiring of the power sensor, please consult our engineer.
2. For voltage sampling, if the grid voltage is $\leq 277V$, you can connect the wires directly;
3. power sensor include CTs, which no separate purchase required. If CTs are purchased separately, they must meet the following requirements:

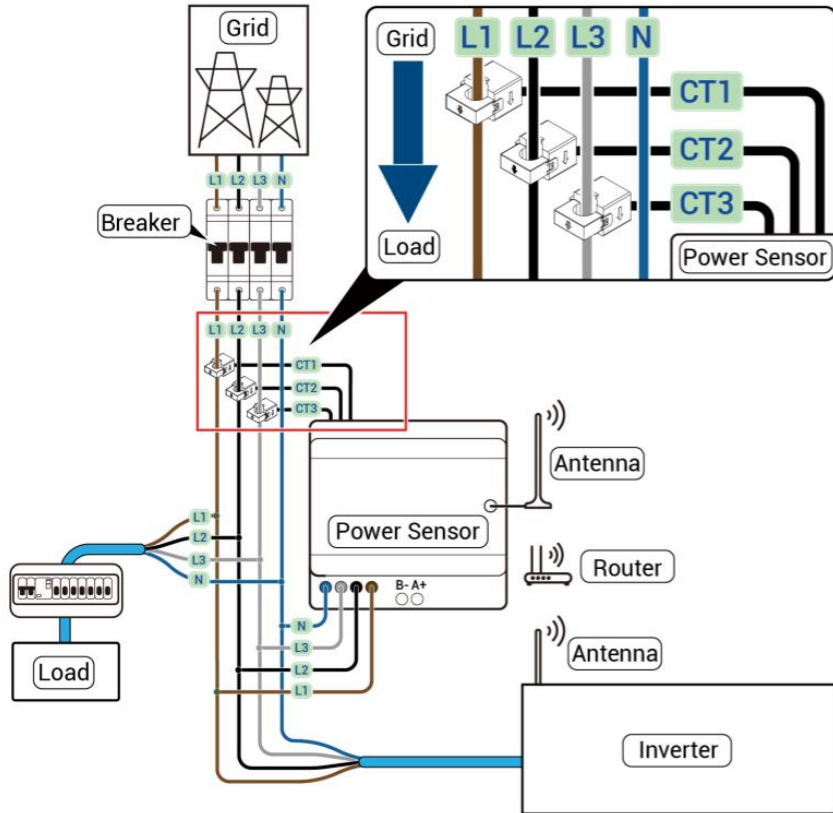
CT	Primary rated current I_n/A	\geq Measuring current
	Secondary rated current I_o/mA	40mA
	Accuracy	Class 0.5
	The default CT ratio of the power sensor	120A/40mA or 300A/40mA

Sampling Voltage $\leq 277\text{Vac}$

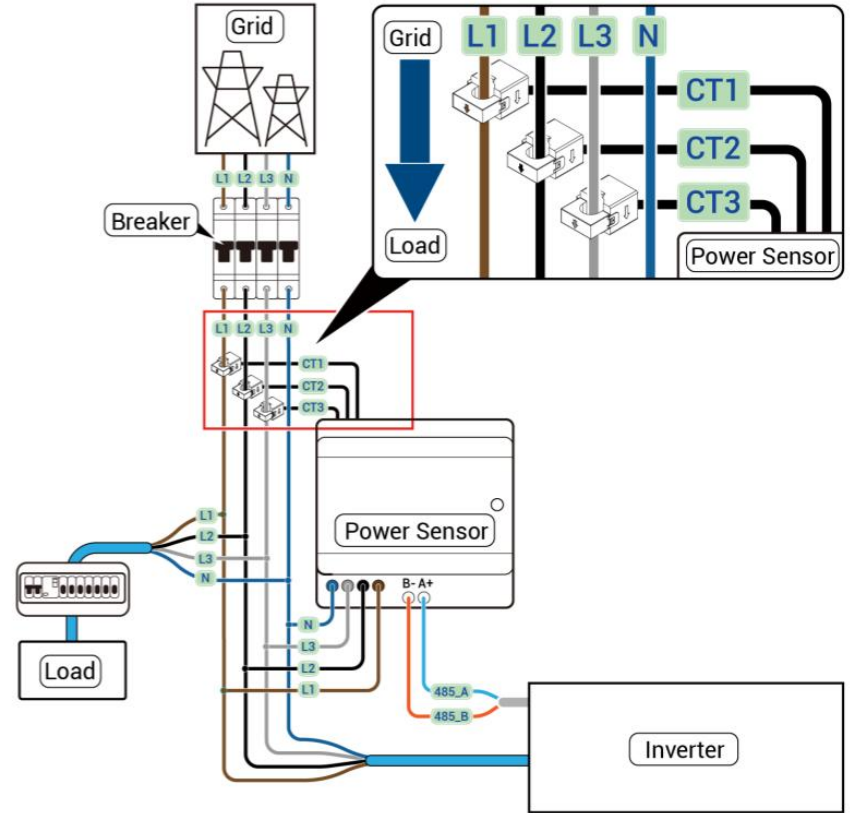
(3P4W)

Wiring Guide

Scenario 1 - for Sigenergy Inverters with WLAN



Scenario 2 - for Sigenergy Inverters with RS485



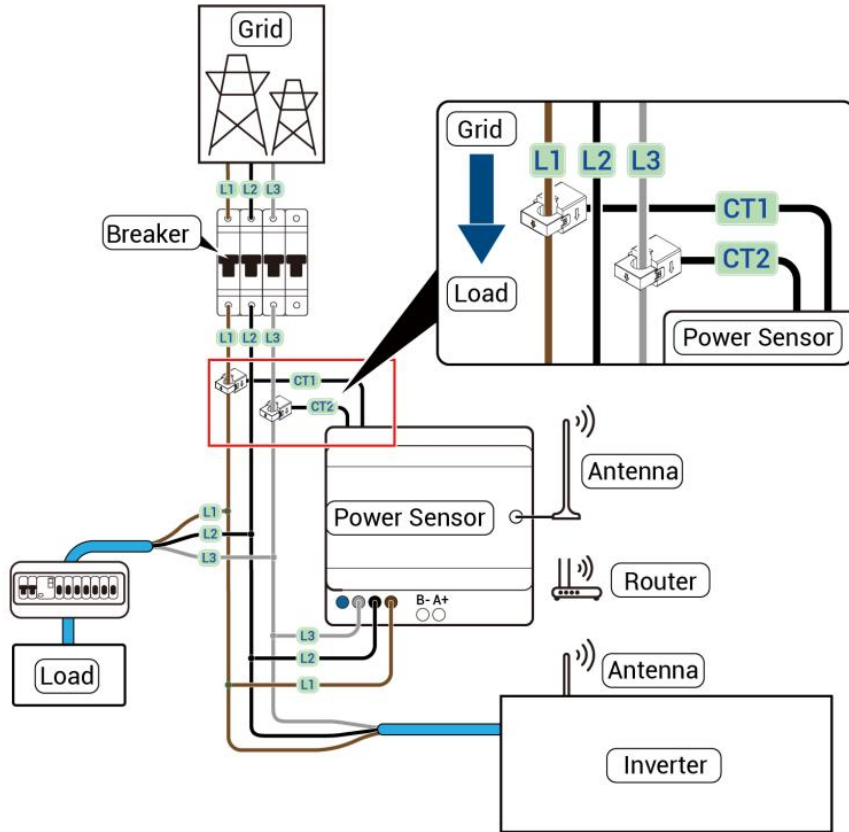
Notes:

1. Sampling voltage $\leq 277\text{Vac}$ (3P4W), please refer to the guide to wire and setup CT ratios.
2. During installation, ensure that the L and N wires are correctly connected.
3. Auto-adaptive CT Polarity and Phase Orientation.
4. Power sensor requires a circuit breaker for protection, otherwise the voltage sampling wires need to be connected with a fuse in each phase. Recommended fuse specification: $\geq \text{measuring voltage}/1\text{A}$.

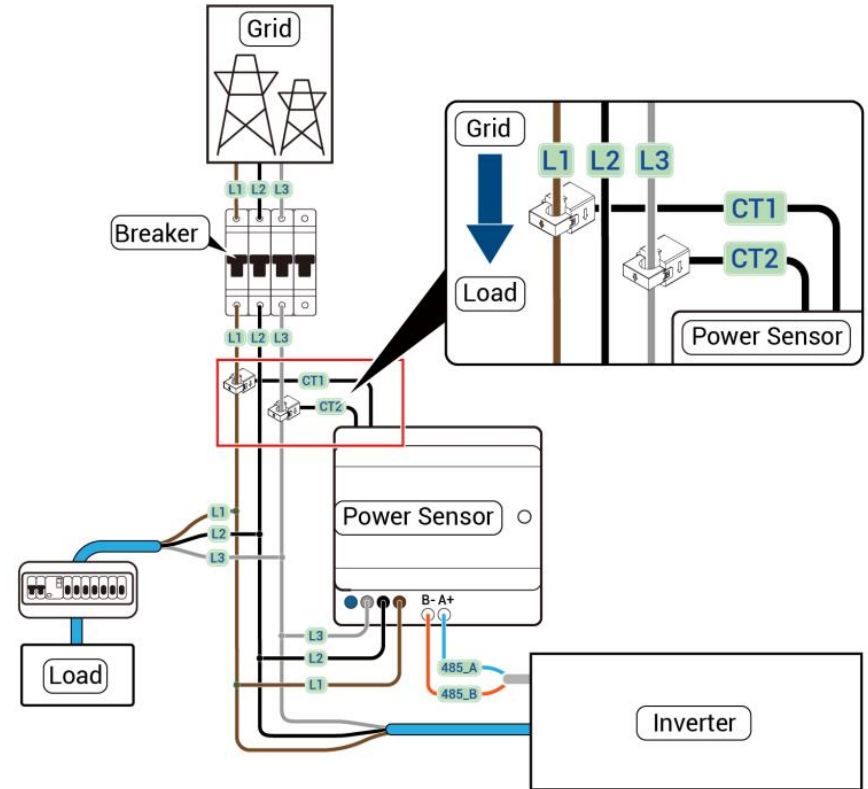
Sampling Voltage $\leq 277V_{ac}$ (3P3W)

Wiring Guide

Scenario 1 - for Sigenergy Inverters with WLAN

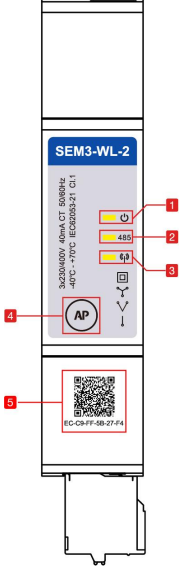


Scenario 2 - for Sigenergy Inverters with RS485



- Notes:**
1. Sampling voltage $\leq 480V_{ac}$ (3P3W), correct connect the CT.
 2. During installation, ensure that the L and N wires are correctly connected.
 3. Auto-adaptive CT Polarity and Phase Orientation.
 4. Power sensor require scircuit breaker for protection, otherwise the voltage sampling wires need to be connected with a fuse in each phase. Recommended fuse specification: \geq measuring voltage/1A.
 5. Please refer to the "Definition of button and LEDs".
 6. If the voltage and current wiring is incorrect, all LED lights will remain constantly on, indicating a phase sequence error alarm. The user can resolve this issue by rewiring or using Sigen's upper computer software to make adjustments.
 7. The antenna is designed to be plug-and-play for easy installation. Under open-field conditions, the communication distance can reach up to 80 meters.

Definition of button and LEDs

Interface	Definition	Introduction
	<p>1.Power LED (Red)</p>	<p>1.Stay on: Light up when the meter is powered on with no load. 2.Flashing: Blinks when a load is connected.</p>
	<p>2.RS485 LED (Green)</p>	<p>1.Stay on: During the OTA upgrading. 2.Flashing: Blinks when the meter is communicating normally.</p>
	<p>3.WLAN LED (Blue)</p>	<p>In the AP mode: 1.Stay on: Light up when the meter enter the AP mode. 2.Flashing: Blinks when the meter is disconnected to the network. 3.Off: Light off after the meter is connected to the network.</p>
		<p>In the station mode: 1.Stay on: Light up when the WLAN module malfunctions. 2.Flashing: Blinks during the meter wireless communicating.</p>
	<p>4.Key</p>	<p>1. Press and hold for 3 seconds to enter/exit AP mode; 2. Press and hold for 10 seconds to reset communication parameters.</p>
	<p>5.QR code</p>	<p>Used for WLAN network configuration</p>